LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY

OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

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FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

LS 6457 NOTE PREPARED: Feb 5, 2015
BILL NUMBER: SB 150 BILL AMENDED: Feb 5, 2015

SUBJECT: Madison Circuit Court Magistrate.

FIRST AUTHOR: Sen. Lanane

BILL STATUS: CR Adopted - 1st House

FIRST SPONSOR:

FUNDS AFFECTED: X GENERAL IMPACT: State & Local

DEDICATED FEDERAL

STATE IMPACT	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
State Revenues			
State Expenditures		316,270	316,270
Net Increase (Decrease)		(316,270)	(316,270)

<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> (Amended) This bill allows the judges of the Madison Circuit Court to jointly appoint a second full-time magistrate, and allows the judge of the Porter Circuit Court to appoint one full-time magistrate.

Effective Date: July 1, 2015.

Explanation of State Expenditures: (Revised) <u>Summary</u>- The added costs of two new magistrates for the Madison Circuit Court and Porter Circuit Court is estimated to be \$316,270 annually beginning in FY 2016.

(Revised) <u>Additional Information</u>- The salaries of circuit and superior court judges and magistrates can be adjusted each year by one of two methods:

- The General Assembly could increase the amount specified in statute.
- If the General Assembly does not increase the salary of judges by a nominal amount, then under IC

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33-38-5-8.1, salaries of judicial officers can be adjusted by the amount that executive staff salaries in the same salary level are increased and the Chief Justice of the Indiana Supreme Court approves the increase.

State expenditures associated with these new court officers also depend on the costs of fringe benefits for state employees. While most of the benefits are based on a percentage of the salaries of the employee, the costs of medical insurance for the persons filling these new positions will depend on future decisions of the executive branch. The extent to which the state would pass along any increase in health insurance costs to employees is unknown.

The following table presents an estimate of the total compensation (base salary and fringe benefits) of magistrates for FY 2016. Future salary increases will depend on legislative or administrative actions (see IC 33-38-5-8.1).

Salaries and Benefits for Magistrates (FY 2016)			
Benefits	Magistrat	tes	
Salary	\$106,9	96	
Life Insurance	\$1	60	
Indiana Judicial Conference	\$1,0	00	
Social Security	\$8,1	85	
Disability Insurance	\$1,8	72	
Retirement (see note)	\$27,7	18	
Health, Dental, and Vision (blended rate)	\$12,2	04	
Total Cost Per Judicial Officer	\$158,1	35	
Added Number of New Judges	х	2	
Added Annual Costs	\$316,2	70	

Note About Retirement Expenditures – LSA uses the four-year average of normal costs between FY 2010 and FY 2013 of each active member of the Judges Retirement Fund less the member's contribution (roughly 6% of payroll) to calculate the annual retirement costs of magistrates. Normal cost is defined as the present value of benefits accruing for a particular plan year. From 2006 to 2013, normal costs for the plan increased by more than 96%. This is due, in part, to increases in retirement and disability benefits.

Explanation of State Revenues:

Explanation of Local Expenditures: (Revised) Both Madison County and Porter County have adequate space for a new magistrate.

Explanation of Local Revenues:

<u>State Agencies Affected:</u> Office of State Court Administration; Indiana Supreme Court; Indiana Judicial Center.

Local Agencies Affected: Madison Circuit Court and Porter Circuit Court

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<u>Information Sources:</u> Office of State Court Administration; Indiana Supreme Court; Indiana Public Retirement System; State Budget Agency Operating Budget Instructions FY 2016 - 2017

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